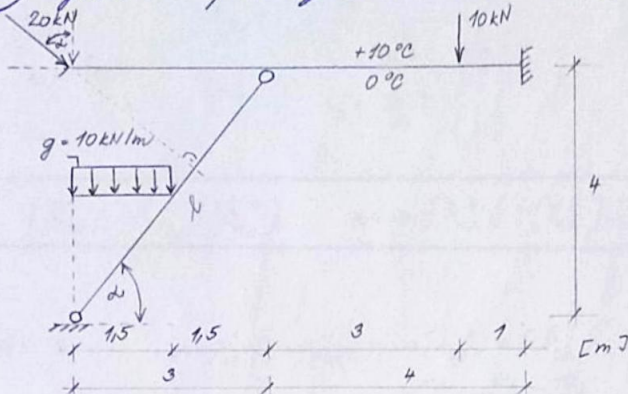


STATIKA II.

SÍLOVÉ + TEPLOTNÍ ZATÍŽENÍ

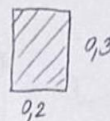
7. + 8.

Pr.: Vykreslete průběhy vnitřních sil na daném rámu. Řešte pomocí ODM.



$$\alpha_t = 1 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$E = 24 \text{ GPa}$$



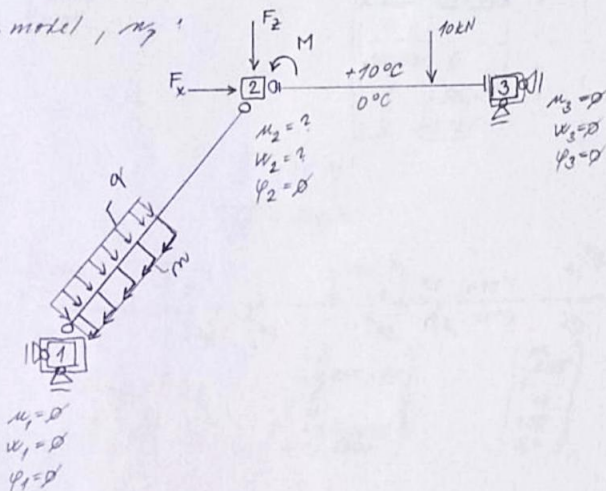
$$A = 0.2 \cdot 0.3 = 0.06 \text{ m}^2$$

$$I = \frac{1}{12} b h^3 = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.3^3 = 4.5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4$$

$$EA = 24 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0.06 = 1.44 \cdot 10^6 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$EI = 24 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 4.5 \cdot 10^{-4} = 10.8 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^4$$

1) výp. model, n_p :



$$n_p = 2$$

$$l = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5 \text{ m}$$

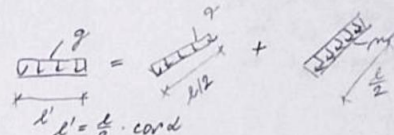
$$\sin \alpha = 4/5 = 0.8$$

$$\cos \alpha = 3/5 = 0.6$$

$$F_x = 20 \cdot \sin \alpha = 20 \cdot 0.8 = 16 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_z = 20 \cdot \cos \alpha = 20 \cdot 0.6 = 12 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = F_z \cdot 3 = 12 \cdot 3 = 36 \text{ kNm}$$



$$[T_{ab}] = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha & 0 \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$l' = 3.5 \cdot 0.6 = 2.1 \text{ m}$$

$$G = 10 \cdot 1.5 = 15 \text{ kN}$$

$$Q = q \cdot l' = 10 \cdot 2.1 = 21 \text{ kN}$$

$$N = m \cdot l' = 10 \cdot 2.1 = 21 \text{ kN}$$

2) $\{r\}, \{N\}$:

$$[k_{ab}] = [T_{ab}]^T [k_{ab}^*] [T_{ab}]$$

$$\{r\} = \{u_2, w_2\}^T$$

$$\{N\} = \{F_x, F_z\}^T = \{16, 12\}^T$$

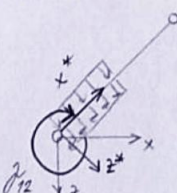
3) $[k_{ab}^*], \{r_{ab}^*\} + [k_{ab}], \{r_{ab}\}$

úhel β_{ab} ... počítání vůči globální soustavě
... odkládáme od kladné x ke kladné x
ve směru čarou hokynové ručičky

Prut 1-2:

$$\sin \beta_{12} = -0.8; \cos \beta_{12} = 0.6$$

$$[k] = [T]^T [k^*] [T]$$



$$[k_{12}] = \begin{bmatrix} \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

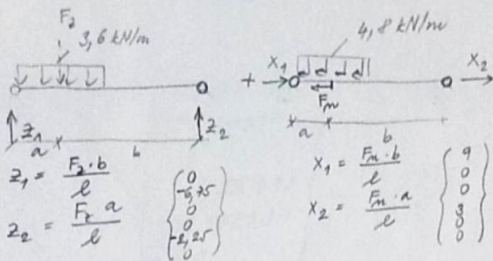
$$[r_{ab}^*] = [T_{ab}]^T [r_{ab}^*]$$

$$\{r_{12}^*\} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ -6.75 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2.25 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{r_{12}\} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1.25 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -3.25 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{EA}{L} = 2.4 \cdot 10^6$$

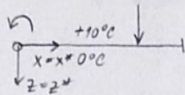
$$[T_{12}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & -0.8 & 0 \\ 0.8 & 0.6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



- na oboustranně kloubově připojeném prutu $\rightarrow \bar{R}^*$ výpočet jako na prutu s normou

$$\{\bar{R}_{ab}\} = [T_{ab}^T] \{\bar{R}_{ab}^*\} \longleftrightarrow \{\bar{R}_{ab}^*\} = [T_{ab}] \{\bar{R}_{ab}\} \Rightarrow \{\bar{R}_{ab}\} = [T_{ab}^{-1}] \{\bar{R}_{ab}^*\} = [T_{ab}^+] \{\bar{R}_{ab}^*\}$$

Prut 2-3: $\sin \beta_{23} = 0, \cos \beta_{23} = 1 \rightarrow \{\bar{R}_{23}^*\} = \{\bar{R}_{23}\}$ a $[k_{23}^*] = [k_{23}]$

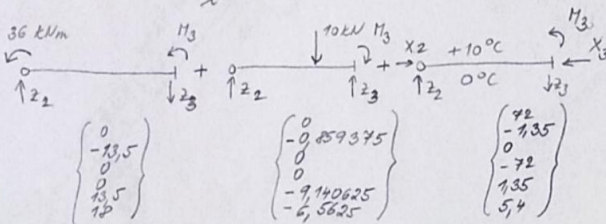


$$[k_{23}] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{360000}{l^3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{506,25}{l^3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 72 \\ -15,909375 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{EA}{l} = 3,6 \cdot 10^5$$

$$\frac{3EI}{l^3} = 506,25$$

$$[T_{23}] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$+10 = \Delta t_b$$

$$0 = \Delta t_d$$

$$\Delta t_b = \frac{10+0}{2} = 5$$

$$X_a = X_b = EA \Delta t$$

$$\Delta t_1 = \Delta t_d - \Delta t_b = -10^\circ \text{C} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{R}_{ab} = \bar{R}_{ab}^* + \Delta t_b$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{ab} \text{ v opařm'ím znam.}$$

4) $[K], \{\bar{R}\}, \{F\}$: $\{F\} = \{V\} - \{\bar{R}\}$

$$[K] = \begin{bmatrix} 463680 & -138240 \\ -138240 & 184826,25 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 72 \\ -19,459375 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

5) $\{r\}$: $[K]\{r\} = \{F\} \rightarrow \{r\} = [K^{-1}]\{F\}$ nebo rovnice

$$\{r\} = \frac{1}{6,6589938 \cdot 10^{10}} \begin{bmatrix} 184826,25 & 138240 \\ 138240 & 463680 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -56 \\ 31,459375 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{r\} = \begin{bmatrix} -9,012 \cdot 10^{-5} \\ 1,028 \cdot 10^{-4} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_2 \\ w_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

nebo: $463680 M_2 - 138240 W_2 = -56$ (1)
 $-138240 M_2 + 184826,25 W_2 = 31,459375$ (2)
 $(1) \cdot 138240 + (2) \cdot 463680$
 $0 M_2 + 6,6589938 \cdot 10^{10} W_2 = 6,845643$
 $W_2 = 1,028 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ rad}$
 $u_2 = -9,012 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ m}$

6) $\{r_{ab}\}$; $\{\hat{R}_{ab}\} \rightarrow \{R_{ab}\} = \{\bar{R}_{ab}\} + \{\hat{R}_{ab}\} \rightarrow \{R_{ab}^*\}$; $\{\hat{R}_{ab}\} = [k_{ab}]\{r_{ab}\}$

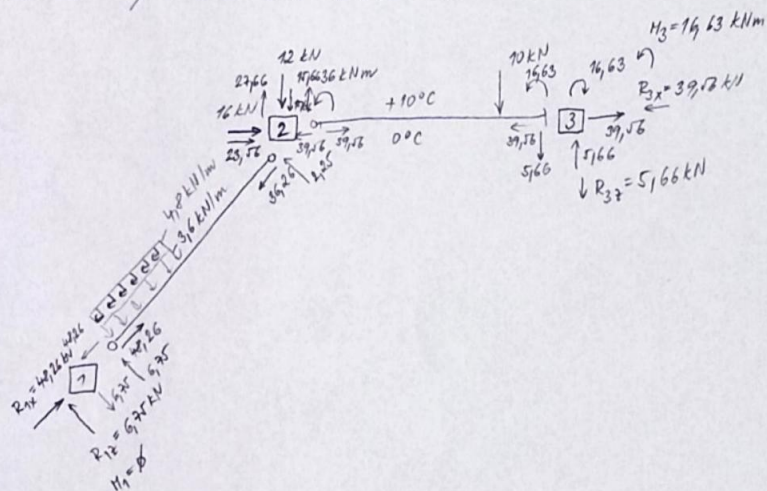
$$\{r_{12}\} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -9,012 \cdot 10^{-5} \\ 1,028 \cdot 10^{-4} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ w_1 \\ \varphi_1 \\ u_2 \\ w_2 \\ \varphi_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{r_{23}\} = \begin{bmatrix} -9,012 \cdot 10^{-5} \\ 1,028 \cdot 10^{-4} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_2 \\ w_2 \\ \varphi_2 \\ u_3 \\ w_3 \\ \varphi_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{\hat{R}_{12}\} = [L_{12}] \{\hat{r}_{12}\} = \begin{Bmatrix} 23,555498 \\ -37,407331 \\ 0 \\ -23,555498 \\ 37,407331 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \{\bar{R}_{12}\} = \{\bar{R}_{12}\} + \{\hat{R}_{12}\} = \begin{Bmatrix} 23,555498 \\ -42,657331 \\ 0 \\ -23,555498 \\ 27,657331 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \{R_{12}^*\} = [T_{12}] \{\bar{R}_{12}\} = \begin{Bmatrix} 48,259164 \\ -6,75 \\ 0 \\ -36,259164 \\ -2,25 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ z_1 \\ H_1 \\ x_2 \\ z_2 \\ H_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\{\hat{R}_{23}\} = [L_{23}] \{\hat{r}_{23}\} = \begin{Bmatrix} -32,444502 \\ 0,052044 \\ 0 \\ 32,444502 \\ -0,052044 \\ -0,208776 \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \{\bar{R}_{23}\} = \{\bar{R}_{23}\} + \{\hat{R}_{23}\} = \begin{Bmatrix} 37,555498 \\ -27,657331 \\ 0 \\ -37,555498 \\ 5,657331 \\ 16,629324 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x_2 \\ z_2 \\ H_2 \\ x_3 \\ z_3 \\ H_3 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \{R_{23}^*\} = \{\bar{R}_{23}\}$$

7) vykreslení průběhů vnitřních sil:



1 → $R_{1x} = 48,26 \text{ kN}$
 $R_{1z} = 6,75 \text{ kN}$
 $H_1 = 0$

2 ✓ OK

3 → $R_{3x} = 39,12 \text{ kN}$
 $R_{3z} = 5,66 \text{ kN}$
 $H_3 = 16,63 \text{ kNm}$

