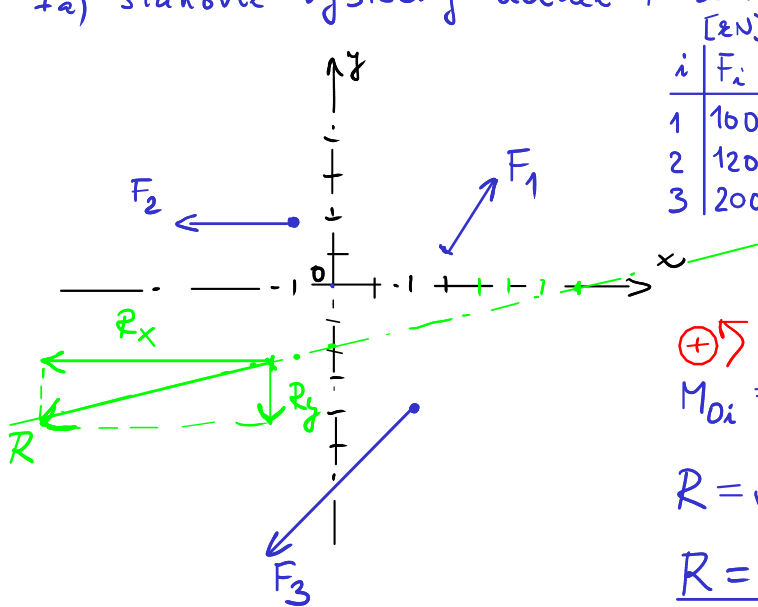


OBEČNÁ SOUSTAVA SIL V ROVINĚ

4a) stanovte výsledný účinek R soustavy sil



	[N]	[°]	[m]	[m]	[N]	[N]	[Nm]
i	F_i	α_i	x_i	y_i	$F_{ix} = F_i \cos \alpha_i$	$F_{iy} = F_i \sin \alpha_i$	M_{oi}
1	100	60	3	1	50	86,6025	209,8045
2	120	180	-1	2	-120	0	240
3	200	225	2	-4	-141,4214	-141,4214	-848,5284
					$R_x = \sum F_{ix}$	$R_y = \sum F_{iy}$	$M_o = \sum M_{oi}$
					-211,4214	-54,8189	-398,7209

⊕ ↺

$$M_{oi} = F_{iy} \cdot x_i - F_{ix} \cdot y_i$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{211,4214^2 + 54,8189^2}$$

$$R = 218,4127 \text{ N}$$

III. kvadrant

$$\cos \alpha' = \frac{|R_x|}{R} = \frac{211,4214}{218,4127} \Rightarrow \alpha' = 14,5359^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 180^\circ + 14,5359^\circ = 194,5359^\circ$$

Rovnice paprsku výslednice:

$$R_y x' - R_x y' = M_o$$

$$-54,8189 x' + 211,4214 y' = -398,7209$$

R vytíná na osách x a y úseky:

na ose x : $y' = 0$

$$-54,8189 x' = -398,7209$$

$$x' = 7,2734 \text{ m}$$

na ose y : $x' = 0$

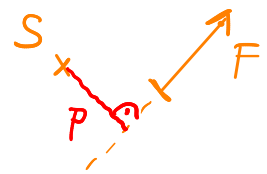
$$211,4214 y' = -398,7209$$

$$y' = -1,8859 \text{ m}$$

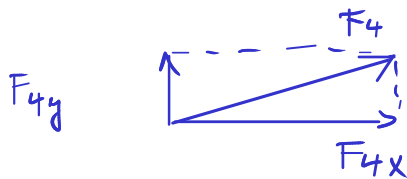
statický moment sil
k bodu

$$M_s = F \cdot p$$

s ...momentový střed
 p ...kolmá vzdálenost
paprsku síly
k bodu S



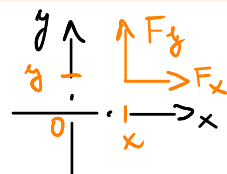
4b) určete F_4 , aby byla soustava v rovnováze



$$F_4 = 218,4127 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{4x} = 211,4214 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{4y} = 54,8189 \text{ N}$$



I. kvadrant ⊕ ↺

$$M_{x0} = -F_y \cdot y$$

$$M_{y0} = F_x \cdot x$$

SOUSTAVA ROVNOBĚŽNÝCH SIL

8) uveďte do rovnováhy jednou silou

$F_4 = ?$

i	F_i [N]	x_i [m]	y_i [m]	d_i	F_{xi}
1	25	-1,4	1,2	0	25
2	35	-0,8	-2,4	0	35
3	30	2,4	-0,6	0	30
4	$F_4 = 90$	x_4	y_4	1,80	-90

$$R = \sum_{i=1}^4 F_i = 0 \quad \oplus \rightarrow$$

$$F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + F_4 = 0$$

$$F_4 = -90 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow)$$

$$M_0 = \sum_{i=1}^4 F_i p_i = 0$$

$$\oplus M_0 = \sum_{i=1}^3 F_i p_i - F_4 x_{y4} = 0$$

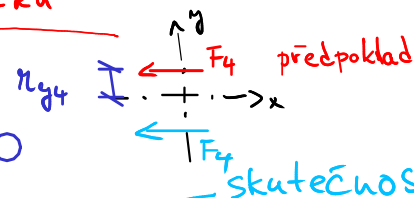
znaménka určena z obrázku

$$\ominus F_1 |y_1| \oplus F_2 |y_2| \oplus F_3 |y_3| \oplus F_4 x_{y4} = 0$$

$$-25 \cdot (1,2) + 35 \cdot (2,4) + 30 \cdot (0,6) + 90 \cdot x_{y4} = 0$$

$$72 + 90 x_{y4} = 0$$

$$x_{y4} = -0,8 \text{ m}$$



$$M_0 = -\sum_{i=1}^4 F_{xi} \cdot y_i = 0$$

znaménka zajisti směrové úhly a souřadnice

$$- [F_{x1} \cdot y_1 + F_{x2} \cdot y_2 + F_{x3} \cdot y_3 + F_{x4} \cdot y_4] = 0 \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$25 \cdot 1,2 + 35 \cdot (-2,4) + 30 \cdot (-0,6) + (-90) y_4 = 0$$

$$y_4 = \frac{72}{-90} = -0,8 \text{ m}$$

statický střed soustavy // sil (těžiště)

pootočíme síly v jejich počátku např. o 90°

$$M_0 = \sum_{i=1}^4 F_i x_i = 0 \quad \oplus \uparrow$$

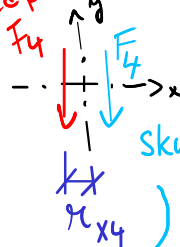
znaménka z obrázku

$$\ominus F_1 |x_1| \ominus F_2 |x_2| \oplus F_3 |x_3| \oplus F_4 x_{x4} = 0$$

$$-25 \cdot (1,4) - 35 \cdot 0,8 + 30 \cdot 2,4 + 90 x_{x4} = 0$$

$$x_{x4} = 0,1 \text{ m}$$

předpoklad

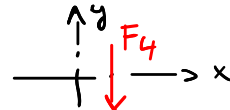


$$\sum_{i=1}^4 F_{yi} \cdot x_i = 0$$

$$25 \cdot (-1,4) + 35 \cdot (-0,8) + 30 \cdot 2,4 + (-90) \cdot x_4 = 0$$

$$x_4 = 0,1 \text{ m}$$

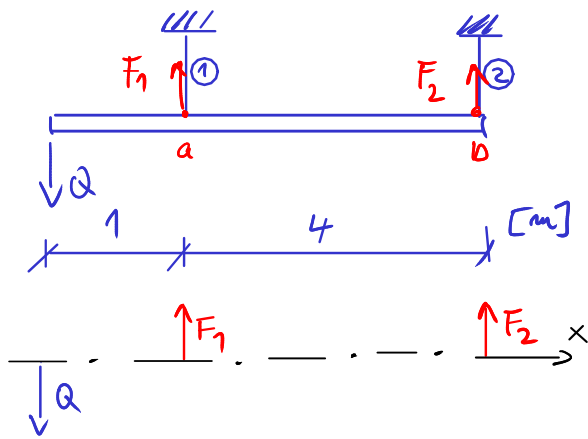
lépe umístit do $x > 0$



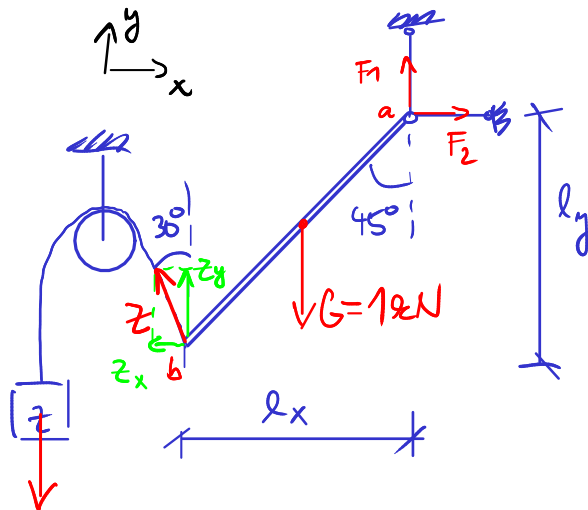
potom

$$x_{x4} = x_4$$

i	F_i	x_i	y_i	d_i	F_{xi}
1	25	-1,4	1,2	0	25
2	35	-0,8	-2,4	0	35
3	30	2,4	-0,6	0	30
4	$F_4 = 90$	x_4	y_4	1,80	-90



$$\begin{aligned} \oplus \uparrow \sum F_i &= 0 \\ -Q + F_1 + F_2 &= 0 \\ -500 + 625 - 125 &= 0 \\ 0 &= 0 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \tan 45^\circ &= \frac{l_x}{l_y} \\ l_x &= l_y \tan 45^\circ \\ l_x &= l_y = l \end{aligned}$$

$$Q = 500 \text{ N}$$

$$\oplus \sum M_{ia} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q \cdot 1 + F_2 \cdot 4 &= 0 \\ F_2 &= -\frac{500}{4} = -125 \text{ N (down)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\oplus \sum M_{ib} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q \cdot 5 - F_1 \cdot 4 &= 0 \\ F_1 &= \frac{500 \cdot 5}{4} = 625 \text{ N (up)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\oplus \sum F_{xi} = 0$$

$$F_2 - z_x = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_2 - z \cdot \sin 30^\circ &= 0 \Rightarrow F_2 = z \sin 30^\circ \\ F_2 &= 0,183 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\oplus \sum F_{yi} = 0$$

$$-G + F_1 + z_y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 + F_1 + z \cdot \cos 30^\circ &= 0 \Rightarrow F_1 = 1 - z \cos 30^\circ \\ F_1 &= 0,683 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\oplus \sum M_{ai} = 0$$

$$G \cdot \frac{l_x}{2} - z_y \cdot l_x - z_x \cdot l_y = 0$$

$$G \cdot \frac{l_x}{2} - z \cdot \cos 30^\circ \cdot l_x - z \sin 30^\circ \cdot l_y = 0$$

$$G \cdot \frac{l}{2} = z \cdot (\cos 30^\circ + \sin 30^\circ)$$

$$z = \frac{G}{2(\cos 30^\circ + \sin 30^\circ)} = 0,366 \text{ kN}$$